FCAA DATA SPOTLIGHT
HIV PHILANTHROPY FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

Despite widespread recognition among policy-makers, scientists and implementers that an effective HIV response is rooted in human rights-based approaches and interventions, overall funding for human rights interventions is remarkably low. As a result, the most marginalized populations tend to be those directly and indirectly excluded from life-saving health services, including HIV prevention, treatment and support.

In 2014 FCAA launched a new Human Rights and HIV Funder Work Group, in partnership with the International Human Rights Funders Group (IHRFG), to enact strategies that ensure coordinated, long-term support for groups that champion a human rights-based HIV response. Distilled from FCAA’s annual resource tracking report, Philanthropic Support to Address HIV/AIDS in 2014, the following data offers an important new benchmark: the first analysis of HIV philanthropy for human-rights related efforts.

THE NEED

Key populations — including sex workers, people who inject drugs, transgender people, prisoners and gay men and other men who have sex with men — are being left behind despite increased risk of HIV infection.

Reaching key populations that are deeply marginalized and criminalized is critical to ending the AIDS epidemic.

An estimated 40%-50% of all new HIV infections among adults worldwide occurred among people from key populations and their immediate partners.

HIV incidence in key populations continues to increase, even as incidence stabilizes or declines in the general population.

1 out of 8 people living with HIV report being denied health care

1 out of 10 people living with HIV report being refused employment or a work opportunity

Evidence shows that when you provide services and an environment free of stigma and discrimination, new HIV infections decline among these key populations.

IN 2014:

$85.2M in HIV-related philanthropy addressed Human Rights

14% of total private HIV Philanthropy

GENERAL FUNDING DISBURSMENT

$85,246,595

84 funders

1124 grants given

845 grantees

Total HIV Philanthropy

HIV Philanthropy for Human Rights
72 countries have laws that specifically criminalize HIV non-disclosure, exposure or transmission. This total increases to 101 jurisdictions when individual US states are counted separately.

35 countries impose HIV-related travel restrictions.

75 countries criminalize same-sex sexual relations.

116 countries criminalize and make sex work illegal.

Drug use is widely criminalized and creates dramatic barriers to services for people who use drugs.

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No HIV-human rights-related funding

Received HIV and Human Rights-related philanthropy in 2014

62% HIV funders disbursed human rights-related philanthropic funding to 62% of the countries with current HIV criminalization laws and/or prosecutions.
Top 10 Countries by Funding Disbursement

- **United States**: 38%
- **South Africa**: 15%
- **Uganda**: 4%
- **Kenya**: 9%
- **Tanzania**: 8%
- **Zambia**: 4%
- **United Kingdom**: 5%
- **Egypt**: 4%
- **India**: 9%
- **Mexico**: 4%

Geographic Distribution of Funding

- East & Southern Africa: 27%
- US: 32%
- Global: 14%
- South Asia & the Pacific: 22%
- Rest of World: 8%

HIV-Human Rights Philanthropy by Country Income

- High-Income: 21%
- Upper-Middle Income: 34%
- Low Middle-Income: 27%
- Low-Income: 18%

It is estimated that middle-income countries will be home to 70% of people living with HIV/AIDS by 2020.

Many low-income countries are transitioning to middle-income or high-income status, which may decrease their eligibility for external funding.

Distribution by U.S Region

- High-Income: 2%
- Designated National: 48%
- U.S Territories: >1%
- Rest of World: 14%
- South Asia & the Pacific: 9%
- East & Southern Africa: 27%
- US: 22%

For more information on funding by country, please visit www.aidsfundingmap.org
**FUNDING DISTRIBUTION BY TOP 15 POPULATIONS**

- **20%** Women & Girls
- **16%** People living with HIV
- **11%** Youth
- **7%** MSM (including gay men)
- **7%** Orphans & Vulnerable Children
- **7%** LGBTQ (General)
- **6%** Grandmothers & Other Caregivers
- **6%** People who Inject Drugs
- **6%** Children (0-14)
- **5%** General Population
- **3%** Key Affected Populations (not broken down)
- **2%** Sex Workers
- **2%** African American
- **1%** Economically Disadvantaged/ Homeless
- **≥1%** Transgender

19% of the estimated 12 million people who inject drugs globally is living with HIV.

An estimated 12% of sex workers in low- and middle-income countries are HIV positive.

Transgender women are 49x more likely to acquire HIV than all adults of reproductive age.

Gay and bisexual men accounted for 65% new HIV infections in the U.S. in 2013.

**INTENDED USE OF FUNDING**

Within human-rights related HIV philanthropy, the majority of funding (72%) supported advocacy strategies, with smaller amounts going to treatment, prevention and social services.

Advocacy yields tangible results in the HIV response in areas of financing, policy change and service delivery. Philanthropy provides the bulk of resources for advocacy, yet only:

- **11%** of total philanthropic resources for HIV/AIDS were invested in advocacy.

**GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION OF NEW HIV INFECTIONS AMONG KEY POPULATIONS**

According to UNAIDS, in 2014 key populations and their sexual partners accounted for:

- **90%** of new HIV infections in central Asia, Europe, North America, the Middle East and North Africa
- **2/3** new HIV infections in Asia and Pacific region, Latin America and the Caribbean
- **20%** new HIV infections in sub Saharan Africa

**TOP 10 FUNDERS OF HUMAN RIGHTS-RELATED HIV PHIANTHROPY**

1. The Ford Foundation
2. M.A.C. AIDS Fund and M.A.C. Cosmetics
3. Open Society Foundations
5. Stephen Lewis Foundation
6. Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
7. Solidarité Sida
8. Gilead Sciences
9. Tides Foundation
10. ViiV Healthcare

74% of total human rights-related HIV philanthropy came from top 10 donors.

In addition to FCAA, data for this report is gathered from HIV Justice Network, UNAIDS, The Center for Disease Control, Open Society Foundations, The World Health Organization, and AVERT.

This data spotlight is intended as an accompaniment to FCAA’s report: *U.S. Philanthropic Support to Address HIV/AIDS in 2014*. Available at: www.fcaaids.org/resourcetracking